







FIRE TEST REPORT FH 5030

CONE CALORIMETER TEST AND NZBC VERIFICATION METHOD C/VM2 APPENDIX A PERFORMANCE OF MELTECA ON LAKEPINE FIRE RETARDANT MDF SUBSTRATE

CLIENT

The Laminex Group 1 O`Rorke Road Penrose Auckland 1061 New Zealand

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TEST SUMMARY

Objective

To conduct cone calorimeter testing and reduce the data in accordance with ISO 5660 on client supplied specimens for the purposes of determination of the Group Classification in accordance with;

New Zealand Building Code (NZBC) Verification Method C/VM2 Appendix A

Test sponsor

The Laminex Group 1 O`Rorke Road Penrose Auckland 1061 New Zealand

Description of test specimen

The products submitted by the client for testing were identified as Melteca on Lakepine Fire Retardant MDF Substrate

Date of test

6th and 21st May 2013

Test results

For the purposes of compliance with the NZBC Verification Method C/VM2 Appendix A, the following classification is considered applicable to the material as described in Section 1, and others as discussed in Section 6.

Group Number Classification	1
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LIMITATION

The results reported here relate only to the item/s tested.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

This report is issued in accordance with the Terms and Conditions as detailed and agreed in the BRANZ Services Agreement for this work.



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1. GENERAL

The products submitted by the client for testing were identified as Melteca on Lakepine Fire Retardant MDF Substrate. Figure 1 illustrates a representative specimens of that tested.

Figure 1: Representative specimens (Gentle Beige on left, Blue Moon on right)



1.1 Sample measurements

The following physical parameters were measured for each specimen prior to testing.

	Initial p	Overall apparent	
Specimen ID	Mass (g)	Mean thickness (mm)	density (kg/m³)
FH5030-50-1	98.8	12.2	813
FH5030-50-2	98.5	12.2	808
FH5030-50-3	96.9	12.2	794



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2. EXPERIMENTAL PROCEDURE

2.1 **Test standard**

The tests were carried out and data reduced according to the test procedure described in ISO 5660: (2002), Reaction-to-fire tests - Heat release, smoke production and mass loss - Part 1: Heat release rate, and Part 2: Smoke production rate (the test standard). The sample preparation and test procedure were as described in 2.4 and 2.5.

Test date 2.2

The tests were conducted on 6th and 21st May 2013 by Mr Peter Collier and Mr Kukas Hersche at BRANZ Limited laboratories, Judgeford, New Zealand.

Specimen conditioning 2.3

All specimens were conditioned to moisture equilibrium (constant weight), at a temperature of 23 ± 2°C and a relative humidity of 50 ± 5% immediately prior to testing.

Specimen wrapping and preparation 2.4

All tests were conducted and the specimens prepared in accordance with the test standard. The spark igniter and the stainless steel retainer frame were used. All specimens were wrapped in a single layer of aluminium foil, covering the unexposed surfaces.

2.5 Test programme

The test program consisted of three replicate specimens as identified in the above table, tested at an irradiance level of 50 kW/m². All tests were carried out with the specimen horizontal, and with a nominal duct flow rate of 0.024 m³/s.





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3. TEST RESULTS AND REDUCED DATA

3.1 Test results and reduced data – NZBC C/VM2

Material		Test specimens as described in Section 1(in accordance with ISO 5660)			Mean
Specimen test number		FH5030-50-1	FH5030-50-2	FH5030-50-3	
Time to sustained flaming	s	50	32	30	37
Observations ^a		-	-	-	
Test duration ^b	s	1850	1832	1830	1837
Mass remaining, mf	g	33.2	28.0	24.3	28.5
Mass pyrolyzed	%	66.4%	71.5%	75.0%	71.0%
Specimen mass loss ^c	kg/m ²	7.3	7.9	8.1	7.8
Specimen mass loss rate ^c	g/m ² .s	51.0	57.1	61.5	56.5
Heat release rate					
peak, $\dot{q}_{ ext{max}}''$	kW/m²	44.2	84.6	97.2	75.3
average, $\dot{q}_{\mathit{avg}}^{\prime\prime}$					
Over 60 s from ignition	kW/m ²	20.0	39.2	28.1	29.1
Over 180 s from ignition	kW/m ²	15.0	22.5	18.3	18.6
Over 300 s from ignition	kW/m ²	14.1	19.8	17.3	17.0
Total heat released	MJ/m ²	39.1	47.7	60.3	49.0
Average Specific Extinction Area	m²/kg	63.7	56.6	66.3	62.2
Effective heat of combustion $^{ extsf{d}}$, $^{ extsf{d}}$ $^{ extsf{d}}$	MJ/kg	5.3	6.0	7.3	6.2

Notes:

NR not recorded



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^a no significant observations were recorded

 $^{^{\}rm b}$ determined by * $X_{\rm O2}$ returning to the pretest value within 100 ppm of oxygen concentration for 10 minutes

^{** 30} minutes after time to sustained flaming

^c from ignition to end of test;

d from the start of the test

⁺ value calculated using data beyond the official end of test time according to the test standard.

4. SUMMARY

The test standard requires that the mean heat release rate (HRR) readings over the first 180 s from ignition for the three specimens should differ by no more than 10% of the arithmetic mean of the three readings. In the event of this criterion not being met, a further three specimens are required to be tested.

Specimen ID	Average HRR over 180s from ignition	Arithmetic mean	% difference from the arithmetic mean
FH5030-50-1	15.0		-19.4%
FH5030-50-2	22.5	18.6	20.8%
FH5030-50-3	18.3		-1.4%

The above table identifies two of the specimens exposed to 50 kW/m² irradiance exceeded the acceptance criteria. Although two of the specimens were outside of the variability criteria of the test standard, the same Group number Classification was determined for each specimen. A further set of three tests as required by the test standard was deemed not to be necessary and would not be expected to lead to an alteration of the classification.

The report summary for the specimens as described in Section 1, exposed to an irradiance of 50 kW/m2 is:

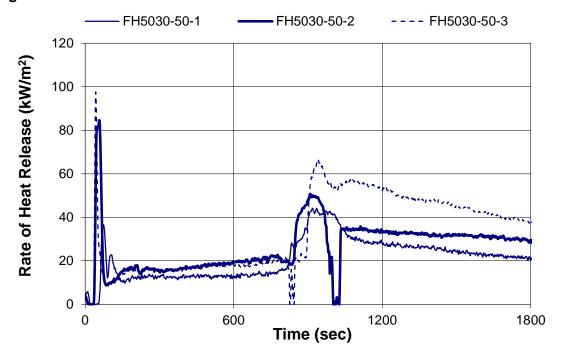
Mean Specimen thickness (mm)	Irradiance (kW/m²)	Mean Time to Ignition (s)	Mean Peak Heat Release Rate (kW/m²)	Average Specific Extinction Area (m²/kg)
12.2	50	37	75.3	62.2







Figure 2 Rate of heat release versus time





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CLASSIFICATION IN ACCORDANCE 5. WITH NZBC VERIFICATION METHOD C/VM2 APPENDIX A

The following classification has been assessed in accordance with the New Zealand Building Code Verification Method C/VM2 Appendix A: Establishing Group Numbers for lining materials. Calculations were carried out according to section A1.3 for predicting a material's group number for each specimen tested. It states that "If a different classification group is obtained for different specimens tested, then the highest (worst) classification for any specimen must be taken as the final classification for that material." The classification for the specimens as described in Section 1 is as follows:

	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3	Classification
Group number	1	1	1	1
Classification	-		·	

The tested sample recorded an average specific extinction area less than 250 m²/kg. In accordance with Verification Method C/VM2 Appendix A, samples achieving either a Group number classification 1 or 2, and with an average specific extinction area less than 250 m²/kg are identified with "S" post-script to the Group number.

6. DISCUSSION

Two alternative variations in the finished colour, Gentle Beige and Blue Moon, of the specimens were tested with consistent results. It is therefore considered that any variation in the colour would not adversely affect the Group Number Classification or Average Specific Extinction Area achieved by the specimen tested in full and reported herein.

7. CONCLUSION

The cone calorimeter testing was carried out on the specimens as described in Section 1. For the purposes of compliance with the NZBC Verification Method C/VM2 Appendix A, the following classification is considered applicable to the material as described in Section 1, and others as discussed in Section 6.

Group Number Classification	1-S



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